

The Scranton Tribune

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When space will permit, The Tribune is always glad to print short letters from its friends bearing on current topics, but its rule is that these must be signed, for publication, by the writer's real name; and the condition precedent to acceptance is that all contributions shall be subject to editorial revision.

Table with 4 columns: DISPLAY, Run of (Sizing on Paper, Reading), Full Position. Rows include 100, 200, 300, 400, 500, 600, 700, 800, 900, 1000.

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SCRANTON, MAY 6, 1902.

For governor of Pennsylvania, on the issue of an open field and fair play.

JOHN P. ELKIN, of Indiana, subject to the will of the Republican masses.

Choose the Safe Path.

IT IS freely admitted that the past year has been an exceptionally good year in the mines. The miners have worked full time and earned more pay than in many years. There have been grievances. There always are. There has been much unrest. This is inevitable in the formative stages of a labor union movement. But on the whole, comparing the miner's condition in the year just closing with his average condition in, say, the past ten years, certainly no one will contend that it was not better.

Shall this comparative prosperity be put on a desperate hazard by another strike? If the advice of those who have at heart the best interests of the miners, the miners' families and the whole community shall be taken, it will not. Any man can see that the operators are determined to make no more important concessions at this time. This can only be explained on the supposition that they regard one as inevitable sooner or later and prefer that it should take place at once and the sooner be over. The chances are that they are fully prepared for a strike and will, if it comes, stand out for a final settlement. Under present circumstances they are virtually a unit and have back of them unlimited resources. If they want a strike or if they are ready for it and will do nothing further to avert it, then manifestly it would be good generalship on the part of the miners to disappoint them by not striking.

ed citizens who want to be fair. The Democrats now admit that Gardner is biggest in the demand. They have withdrawn their demand for his presence before the senate Philippine committee and are ready to applaud the war department for ordering a court martial in case he continues to refuse to back up his stentorian assertions with specifications, including names and dates.

Judge Pennypacker.

THE announcement that Judge Samuel W. Pennypacker, Senator Quay's cousin, will be the senator's candidate for governor is not necessarily final. It has the appearance of a "feeler" to uncover insistent sentiment. Nevertheless it justifies interest in Judge Pennypacker's personality and record. We append a biographical sketch taken from the Pittsburg Gazette:

Judge Pennypacker was born April 9, 1816, in Phoenixville of a family whose genealogical record reads like a list of all the Teutonic settlers who ever gave Germantown its name. The founder of the family in America was Hendrick Pennepacker (1674-1754), who was land surveyor under the Penns and took an active part in the early administrative affairs. The judge's father, Isaac Anderson Pennypacker, was a distinguished Philadelphia physician, a professor in the college of medicine, and his grandfather, Matthias Pennypacker, sat in the state assembly and in the constitutional convention of 1837. His mother was Anna Whitaker, the daughter of a Pennsylvania iron master.

He received his education at the Governor's seminary in Phoenixville and at the West Philadelphia Institute, where he was prepared for Yale college. In 1837, when he was just 20, came the civil war, and young Pennypacker went to the front as a private with the Twenty-sixth Emergency regiment. When the war closed he studied law. His success was far out of the ordinary. He was admitted to the Philadelphia bar in 1866, after preparing himself in the office of Peter McCall and in the law school of the University of Pennsylvania. Within two years after commencing active practice he was elected president of the Law Academy of Philadelphia. About that time he commenced the series of important legal compilations with which his name is associated. He edited, with E. G. Watt and Samuel C. Hastingsworth, a "Digest of the English Common Law Reports" (1870). He collected, in four volumes, "Pennypacker's Supreme Court Cases," a volume of Pennsylvania colonial cases, and assisted in the bringing out of the "Weekly Notes of Cases," a work which embraces forty volumes. He was admitted in 1887 to practice in the United States Supreme court and when Judge James T. Mitchell was elevated to the Supreme court in 1889 Governor Beaver appointed Pennypacker to the vacant place on the bench of the court of common pleas. He was regarded as so eminently suitable for the place that the following autumn he was elected by both parties by what amounted to a unanimous vote for a ten-year term and was re-elected two years ago. He is one of the vice-presidents of the Philadelphia Law academy. "As a historian of his native state, and especially of the German-American colonization movement within its borders, Judge Pennypacker is acknowledged to stand pre-eminent. He has written over fifty books and papers on this line of research, of which a number have undergone Dutch and German translations. Among them are the 'Annals of Phoenixville and Its Vicinity,' 'The Pennypacker Reunion' (1878), 'Historical and Biographical Sketches' and 'The Settlement of Germantown,' a highly valuable work, which was published about two years ago with an edition limited to 250 copies, of which all were sold within two weeks. His library contains a most remarkable collection of the first books printed in Pennsylvania, to the number of 7,000, and of these 250 are from Benjamin Franklin's press. It is said that he has the best collection extant of books relating to the German colonization of Pennsylvania. "His interest in educational matters has been always very strong. From 1858 to 1889 he was a member of the board of public education of Philadelphia, and was controller of public schools for the Twenty-ninth ward. Franklin and Marshall college bestowed on him the degree of LL. D. He has been for a long time a trustee of the University of Pennsylvania. "To give some idea of the wideness and variousness of his interests, he is or has been state commissioner for the Valley Forge reservation, a member of the supervisory committee on the restoration of Independence hall, president of the Pennsylvania Historical society, and of the Netherlands society of Philadelphia, vice-president of the Colonial society, president of the Philobiblion club, member of the American Philological society, the Society of Colonial Wars, the Society of the War of 1812, the Deutsche Pionier verein, Deutsche gessellschaft, Canastota Volksfest verein, Union League club, founder and manager of the Pennsylvania Society of the Sons of the Revolution, past commander A Taylor post, Grand Army of the Republic, and president of the Twenty-sixth Pennsylvania Emergency Regiment association. "It is evident from this statement of

facts that Judge Pennypacker has a creditable record, and while it is largely academic and cloister-like, it is clean. His position on the bench has kept him aloof from political activity; he is without factional embarrassments and if nominated at the call of the people there would be no reason for any Republican to vote against him. It is, however, evident to all that his mention for the nomination is wholly the work of one man, and that man a relative, Senator Quay. If nominated he could not be other in the estimation of the people than Quay's man, peculiarly and especially so since the popular choice as elicited in open primaries to date has fallen upon another. If the Republicans of this state are willing to substitute Senator Quay's choice for their own, it is a Judge Pennypacker may be nominated. It is up to the people to decide.

The suggestions regarding another public park in the central part of the city are timely. The mid-day breathing spot, convenient for tired workers who have a few moments to spare at lunch time or in other hours of the day, will be of greater benefit to the public than the most elaborate parks that are located at a distance from the business centers.

Mr. Bryan announces that he is no longer desirous of being the Moses of the Democratic party. It has evidently just dawned upon the silver prophet that Moses was not allowed to enter the promised land.

The Politicians and the Soldiers

From the Pittsburg Gazette. CONSIDERING the charges of enmity which politicians in congress are bringing against army officers in the field, it must be remembered that war implies severe treatment. That is what war is for. The means employed must be judged with regard to their success in the suppression of armed resistance. If it is permissible to fill an enemy with lead, then it is not wrong to fill him with water if that happens to suit the purpose. It depends upon the conditions under which military operations are carried on. Even if mistakes are made and some acts of barbarity are perpetrated, that does not discredit the general policy any more than occasional brutality in police arrests discredits the general system of police protection and control. The particular offenders should be punished, but public opinion should and will maintain whatever measures, however severe, may be necessary to uphold law and order.

The officers who are now the target of congressional abuse are old experienced soldiers who have carried the flag of their country to honor and glory on many fields. General Smith was a volunteer from Illinois during the Civil war, and won a commission for gallant service and soldierly qualities. In the Santiago campaign, he led his troops up San Juan hill, and although shot through the chest, remained in active command until the Spaniards hoisted the white flag of surrender. Major Waller, of the marine corps, was distinguished in Egypt, where, with a handful of men, he protected Alexandria from being given over to riot and pillage by the remnant of Arabi Pasha's beaten army. He led the marines on the march to Peking, and in the fighting from Tientsin to the Imperial City, his command was known for intimate association with the company of the Ninth infantry, massacred at Balanzaga in Samar.

The task which these able and experienced officers had to grapple with in Samar was made peculiarly difficult by the treacherous tactics of the Malays. Under a cover of friendship, the insurgents waged a campaign of torture, robbery and assassination. Members of their own organization ingratiated themselves with the civil governor and obtained offices so that they could direct latent dissent upon natives friendly to American rule. The movements of our troops were reported to the insurgents, so that small detachments could be cut off and murdered. The massacre at Balanzaga was perpetrated by natives who had been lulled into a false sense of security and had the privileges of campmates, so that they had an opportunity to fall upon unarmed men from behind their backs. They gouged out the eyes of the wounded, cut strips from their skin and played other pranks of torture about which congressional diabolists may care little, but which caused some feeling of indignation and resentment among Smith's troops and Waller's marines.

General Smith was sent to Samar because of his success in Pangasinan. It had been the most turbulent province of Luzon, he made it the most tranquil. He brought to Samar the same ever-ready adaptation of means to ends which had been successful in Pangasinan, among them the use of the water cure in dealing with rebels. It proved very effective. He has suppressed the insurrection in Samar, and could not have done so otherwise. Major Waller was an able soldier, and the principal credit for his success in Samar is due to his own courage and ability. He was surrounded by some 5,000 savages, who were planning to repeat the massacre of Balanzaga, only twenty miles away. Night after night he was attacked by his small command, and he was surrounded by the plots of massacre and the people of Basy assumed a friendly attitude. Our army officers are not responsible for the insurrection in the Philippines. That is the work of the politicians, and continued incitement to insurrection still prevails in congress. Meanwhile, the Smiths and Wallers will do their duty faithfully and well, and their country will honor them. The snarling and yapping of Jacobin politicians in congress does not represent public opinion.

"FOR SOBER CONSIDERATION."

Editor of the Tribune— Sir: I have heard on all sides nothing but commendation of the editorial and above leading in today's issue of The Tribune. An appeal of such weight and importance one would hardly think can fall, but that it will be honored and the consideration given to it in the quarter where it will be most effective. If the welfare of the community is as undoubtedly it should be properly regarded, there will be no strike at this time. And the union will gain a hundredfold in the estimation of all right thinking persons. It would also be seen that future reasonable demands would be backed by an enlightened public opinion. A factor that will be of immense benefit to those who in these uncertain days have, by wise counsel and moderation, averted a crisis horrible to contemplate; as, if it does come, it brings in its wake, distress, suffering, hatred and strife. Let us all earnestly hope and do what within us lies to bring about "The Sober Consideration" as ably, truthfully and eloquently advocated by the Scranton Tribune. The wise stand taken by you in this compels the respect and gratitude of a Friend to Labor.

Warren-Ehret Co. 321 Washington Avenue. Contractors for Ehrets' Slag Roofing. Guaranteed for 10 years. Manufacturers Roofing and Paving Materials.

ALWAYS BUSY. Educational. Do You Want a Good Education? Not a short course, nor an easy course, nor a cheap course, but the best education to be had. No other education is worth spending time and money on. If you do, write for a catalogue of Lafayette College Easton, Pa. which offers thorough preparation in the Engineering and Chemical Professions as well as the regular College courses.

Lewis & Reilly, 114-116 Wyoming Avenue.

The Finest Line of Porch Rockers Ever shown in Scranton. A strong but true statement. We have nearly everything in summer furniture including the Prairie Grass Goods.

Hill & Connell 121 Washington Avenue.

S. J. Fuhrman & Bro Store and Window Awnings. Our celebrated Strap Roller for Awnings a Specialty. 328 Lackawanna Ave., Scranton, Pa.

Don't Get Wet For \$3.00

Headquarters for Incandescent Gas Maniles, Portable Lamps. THE NEW DISCOVERY Kern Incandescent Gas Lamp. Gunster & Forsyth 253-327 Penn Avenue.

Linotype Composition Book News Done quickly and reasonably at The Tribune office.

Meldrum, Scott & Co., 126 Wyoming Ave.

Do You Want a Good Education? Not a short course, nor an easy course, nor a cheap course, but the best education to be had. No other education is worth spending time and money on. If you do, write for a catalogue of Lafayette College Easton, Pa. which offers thorough preparation in the Engineering and Chemical Professions as well as the regular College courses.

Announcement

During the summer of 1902, instruction in all the subjects required for admission to the best colleges and scientific schools will be given at Cotuit Cottages, a Summer School of Secondary Instruction, Cotuit, Massachusetts, under the direction of Principal Charles E. Fish. The courses of instruction are for the benefit of five classes of students:

- 1. Candidates who have received conditions at the entrance examinations.
2. Candidates who have postponed examinations until September.
3. Students in Secondary Schools, who, by reason of illness or other causes, have deficiencies to make up.
4. Students in Secondary Schools who wish to anticipate studies and save time in the preparation for college.
5. Students in college who have admission conditions which must be removed before the beginning of the next Scholastic Year.

For particulars address, CHARLES E. FISH, Principal School of the Lackawanna, Scranton, Pa. Dr. & Mrs. John MacDuffie's SCHOOL FOR GIRLS. 25th year. Twenty-five years under the management of Miss HOWARD. College preparatory and academic courses. Resident pupils limited to 20. 60 girls non-resident. Beautiful grounds, tennis courts. Instruction in accordance with highest requirements of best colleges. For particulars and catalogue address: John MacDuffie, P. O., Springfield, Mass.

STATE NORMAL SCHOOL East Stroudsburg, Pa. The examinations for admission to the Middle Year and Senior Year classes will be held June 16. High school graduates will be permitted to take both examinations and enter the senior class. The number of pupils who have covered the junior and middle years course of the normal. This year will be the last opportunity given to do so, as the three years' course is in full force and all will come under the state regulations of examinations. For full particulars address at once: G. P. BIBLE, A. M., Principal.

SCRANTON CORRESPONDENCE SCHOOLS SCRANTON, PA. T. J. Foster, President. Elmer H. Lawall, Treas. R. J. Foster, Stanley P. Allen, Vice President. Secretary.

E. Robinson's Sons Lager Beer.. Manufacturers of Old Stock PILSNER. Brewery, 435 to 455 N. Seventh St., Scranton, Pa. Old 'Phone, 2331. New 'Phone, 2935.

Warren-Ehret Co. 321 Washington Avenue. Contractors for Ehrets' Slag Roofing. Guaranteed for 10 years. Manufacturers Roofing and Paving Materials.

The Greatest of All Educational Contests OVER \$9500 IN SPECIAL REWARDS

The Scranton Tribune's third great Educational Contest is now open. There are offered as Special Rewards to those who secure the largest number of points, Thirty-three Scholarships

Table listing 33 scholarships with their respective institutions and values. Total value \$9574.

Each contestant failing to secure one of the scholarships as a special reward will receive ten per cent. of all the money he or she secures for The Tribune during the contest.

Special Honor Prizes.

A new feature is to be added this year. Special honor prizes will be given to those securing the largest number of points during each month. The one securing the largest number of points during May will receive a Gold Watch, warranted for 20 years. The best explanation of the plan of The Tribune's Educational Contest will be found in the rules, which are here given:

RULES OF THE CONTEST. The special rewards will be given to the person securing the largest number of points. Points will be credited to contestants securing new subscribers to The Scranton Tribune as follows: One month's subscription... \$50 1 Three months' subscription... 1.25 3 Six months' subscription... 2.50 6 One year's subscription... 5.00 12 The contestant with the highest number of points will be given a choice from the list of special rewards; the contestant with the second highest number of points will be given a choice of the remaining rewards, and so on through the list. The contestant who secures the highest number of points during any calendar month of the contest will receive a special honor reward, this reward being entirely independent of the ultimate disposition of the scholarships. Each contestant failing to secure a special reward will be given 10 per cent. of all money he or she turns in. Only new subscribers will be counted. Renewals by persons whose names are already on our subscription list will not be credited. The Tribune will investigate each subscription and if found irregular in any way reserves the right to reject it. No transfers can be made after credit has once been given. All subscriptions and the cash to pay for them must be handed in at The Tribune office within the week in which they are secured, so that papers can be sent to the subscribers at once. Subscriptions must be written on blanks, which can be secured at The Tribune office, and will be sent by mail. Those desiring to enter the Contest should send in their names at once. All questions concerning the plan will be cheerfully answered. Address all communications to CONTEST EDITOR, Scranton Tribune, Scranton, Pa.

SPRING AND SUMMER RESORTS Atlantic City. Hotel Sothern. On Virginia avenue, the widest and most fashionable in Atlantic City. Within a few yards of the Famous Steel Pier and Boardwalk and in front of the most desirable bathing grounds. All conveniences, including steam heat, sun parlor, elevator to street level, hot and cold baths, table d'hôte, excellent accommodations for three hundred. Terms moderate. Write for booklet.

R. N. Bothwell. HOTEL RALEIGH Capacity enlarged to 100. New and Modern BEAUTIFUL ROOMS Will make a Special Spring Rate of \$2 and \$2.50 per day; \$10, \$12 and \$15 per week. The superior service and cuisine of the past two seasons will be maintained throughout the entire year. JOHN B. SCOTT.

THE WESTMINSTER Kentucky ave., near Beach, Atlantic City. Open all the year, Sun Parlor, Elevator and all modern improvements. Special Spring Rates. CHAS. BURE, Prop. HOTEL RICHMOND. Kentucky Avenue, First Hotel from Beach, Atlantic City, N. J.; 60 Ocean view rooms; capacity 400; write for special rates. J. B. Junkins, Prop.

When in Need Of anything in the line of optical goods we can supply it. Spectacles and Eye Glasses Properly fitted by an expert optician. From \$1.00 Up Also all kinds of prescription work and repairing. Mercereau & Connell, 192 Wyoming Avenue.

'Phone 2007. Old 'Phone 79-2. Don't Strike! Buy the Smoot's Typewriter. 'Smoot,' the Typewriter Man, takes pleasure in exhibiting its merits from morn till night, 1st floor Guernsey Building, Scranton, Pa.

The Dr. Diemel Linen-Mesh Underwear is the most healthful, comfortable, cleanly underclothing of any hitherto known. This is a large claim, but those who have used the goods bear testimony to the accuracy of it. Send for descriptive pamphlet and samples of material, or call and examine the garments for men, women and children. ALSO SOLE AGENTS FOR Dr. Jaegers' Sanitary Underwear

Louis Isaac 412 Spruce Street 309 Lackawanna Avenue. TRIBUNE WANT ADS. BRING QUICK RETURNS